# **IELTS Academic Reading Multiple Choice Questions**

در سوالات چند گزینه ای ریدینگ آیلتس آکادمیک باید با مراجعه به قسمت ریدینگ پاسخ صحیح سوال را انتخاب کنید. در اینجا شما باید ایده اصلی پاراگراف را درک کنید و به دنبال جزئیات خاصی باشید که برای پاسخ به سوال داده شده لازم است. بررسی این قسمت ممکن است در اینجا مفید باشد. از آنجایی که برای هر سوال چهار گزینه ارائه می شود، باید در انتخاب پاسخ صحیح محتاط باشید. اگر پاسخ دادن به سوال برایتان دشوار است، سعی کنید از روش حذف برای کاهش گزینه ها استفاده کنید. به جای جستجوی کلمه کلیدی، کل متن سوال را جستجو کنید.

نکات کلیدی برای پاسخ دادن به این نوع سوالات:

- زیر کلمات کلیدی سوال خط بکشید و مترادف آن را جستجو کنید.
  - از تمام عوامل حواس پرتی از مسیر عبور اجتناب کنید.
    - با تمرین مداوم پاسخ صحیح را پیش بینی کنید.
      - هیچ سوالی را بی پاسخ/خالی نگذارید.

### **Example for Multiple Choice Questions**

Answer questions 1-5 which are based on the reading passage below.

# **Cognitive Psychology**

Cognitive psychology studies how a person acquires, processes, stores and retrieves information. Prior to this, Behaviourism was popular, it studies how people behave. But, after Cognitive psychology emerged as a school of thought, which studies internal processes of humans such as perception, memory, attention, decision making and language processing. The major difference between cognitive psychology and psychoanalysis is that the former studies the mind scientifically while the latter is not. In cognitive psychology, attention is defined as an individual's ability to process information specifically in his or her environment. Information amounts to a range of things

such as sound, smell, sights and sensations. There are four types of attention: Focused Attention, Sustained Attention, Divided Attention and Selective Attention.

Focused attention extends for only eight seconds, it can be a sudden occurrence which attracts our attention. Sustained Attention, as the name implies, this type of attention sustains for some period of time to complete the tasks. Divided Attention is the ability to attend several things at a single point of time. Selective Attention emphasizes the ability to attend to specific things.

In Memory, there are three main processes: Encoding, Storage and Retrieval. Encoding is about intaking the information, followed by storing the information which refers to storage and retrieval is about recalling the information. There are two types of memory - short term memory and long-term memory. Short term memory is about recalling a small amount of information from recent memories and long-term memory is about recalling information from a longer period of time, which refers to meaning and association.

# **Questions 1-5**

Choose the correct letter, **a**, **b**, **c** or **d**.

- 1. Which school of thought is popular before Cognitive Psychology?
- a. Psychoanalysis
- B. Gestalt psychology
- C. Behaviourism
- D. None of the above
- 2. Which of the following that cognitive psychology focuses on
- a. Perception
- B. Memory
- C. Decision Making
- D. All of the above
- 3. How many types are there in attention?
- a. Four
- B. Two
- C. One
- D. Seven

4. Which type of attention only extends for only eight seconds?

- a. Divided Attention
- **B. Selective Attention**
- C. Sustained Attention
- D. Focused Attention

- 5. How many processes are there in Memory ?
- a. Four
- b. Three
- C. Five
- D. None of the above

# Answers

(Note: The text in italics is from the reading passage and shows the location from where the answer is taken or inferred. The text in the regular font explains the answer in detail.)

# 1. c. Behaviourism

**Explanation: Paragraph 1 -** Cognitive psychology studies how a person acquires, processes, stores and retrieves information. Prior to this, Behaviourism was popular, it studies how people behave.

### 2. d. All of the Above

**Explanation: Paragraph 1 -** Cognitive psychology emerged as a school of thought, which studies internal processes of humans such as **perception, memory, attention, decision** *making and language processing.* 

#### 3. a. Four

**Explanation: Paragraph 2 -** There are **four** types of attention: Focused Attention, Sustained Attention, Divided Attention and Selective Attention.

### 4. d. Focused Attention

**Explanation: Paragraph 3 -** Focused attention **extends for only eight seconds**, it can be a sudden occurrence which attracts our attention.

### 5. b. Three

**Explanation: Paragraph 4 -** In Memory, there are **three** main processes: Encoding, Storage and Retrieval.